

LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURE OSHA CFR 1910.147

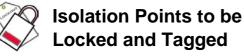
Developed by Reviewed by Revised by RA RA

Description: Ammonia Chiller Compressor

Equipment #: HSC-2

Building: Thompson Arena Area: Ammonia Compressor Room Revn: 0 Date: N/A Origin Date: 12/18/2017

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DANGER

Ammonia present. To be serviced by authorized personnel only. Wear proper PPE and ensure ventilation is adequate prior to servicing. Variable-frequency-drive capacitors often remain energized after shut-down. Discharge and wait 10 minutes prior to servicing.

Safety Is Your Responsibility!

Panel View







ALWAYS PERFORM A MACHINE STOP BEFORE LOCKING OUT DISCONNECTS

ID	Source	Device	Location	Method	Check
4 E-2	Electrical 480V	Breaker lockout device	Isolation point located in panel MCC-1.	Move breaker "CH-2" to off. Lock out.	Attempt restart at CP-1.
(₹ V-1	Glycol Inlet - 100 PSI	Ball valve device	Isolation point on North side of unit.	Turn valve to closed position. Lock out.	Visually verify zero pressure status.
₹ V-2	Glycol Outlet - 100 PSI	Ball valve device	Isolation point on East side of unit.	Turn valve to closed position. Lock out.	Visually verify zero pressure status.
8 G-1	Ammonia Vapor Inlet - <10 PSI	Gate valve device	Isolation point on East side of unit.	Turn valve to closed position. Lock out.	Visually verify zero pressure status.
⊜ G-2	Ammonia Vapor Inlet - <10 PSI	Gate valve device	Isolation point on West side of unit.	Turn valve to closed position. Lock out.	Visually verify zero pressure status.
	Kinetic Energy 1800 RPM		Be sure to wait until all moving parts have come to a complete stop. If necessary, use a block or chain to prevent equipment from moving while servicing.		



OPENING A GUARD DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A LOCKOUT

ALWAYS VERIFY DE-ENERGIZATION OF EXPOSED ELECTRICAL PARTS AND RESIDUAL CAPACITANCE

Any machine modifications must be shown in procedure. Contact EHS to update procedure: 603-646-1762

